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CENSUS BULLETIN NO. 1.

SUMMARY OF POPULATION AND DWELLINGS FOR THE AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY.

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INTRODUCTION.

This Bulletin, which is the first of a series, contains an analysis, in summary form, of the population and dwellings of the Australian Capital Territory as enumerated at the Census of 30th June, 1961. The figures herein have been obtained from machine tabulation and extensive amendment is not anticipated. Similar bulletins will be issued for each State and other Territories, and Australia as a whole, as the information becomes available.

In this Bulletin the population is classified according to age, conjugal condition, birthplace, period of residence in Australia of persons born outside Australia, nationality, religion, industry and occupational status. Dwellings are classified according to class, (i.e., private house, flat, etc.) number of rooms, number of inmates, material of outer walls, nature of occupancy, date of building, rent and facilities.

Each major table herein shows the numbers of males, females and persons or of dwellings according to one particular characteristic (e.g., age or conjugal condition of persons or number of rooms or inmates of dwellings). At a later stage a more detailed analysis will be published, showing particulars of both population and dwellings in a series of cross tabulations (e.g. the numbers of males and females in the various industries according to their age groups and the numbers of dwellings according to both numbers of rooms and inmates, etc.).

The figures published in this Bulletin include particulars for the Jervis Bay District of the Australian Capital Territory. In accordance with international usage, they exclude the numbers of diplomatic representatives of foreign governments and the High Commissioners representing the governments of the members of the British Commonwealth of Nations with their families and staffs and also their dwellings. The number of people excluded in this way at the Census of 30th June, 1961, was approximately 800 and the number of dwellings excluded, 200.

All the following tables exclude particulars of full-blood aboriginals and dwellings occupied solely by them.

PART A. - POPULATION OF THE AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY, CENSUS, 30TH JUNE, 1961.

1. Population, Urban and Rural. - The following table sets out population totals for the Australian Capital Territory.

TABLE 1. - AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY : POPULATION, CENSUS, 30TH JUNE, 1961.
(Exclusive of full-blood Aboriginals)

Division	Males	Females	Persons		
			Total	Percentage of Total	Increase per cent. since 1954 Census
Metropolitan Urban(Canberra)	29,463	26,986	56,449	95.96	99.63
Rural Districts (a)	1,056	796	1,852	3.15	21.76
Jervis Bay	339	188	527	0.89	1.93
TOTAL	30,858	27,970	58,828	100.00	94.06

(a) Excluding Jervis Bay.

The population of the Australian Capital Territory has increased rapidly since the 1954 Census, almost doubling in the seven-year period, i.e. an increase of 94 per cent. The metropolitan area (Canberra), moreover, has virtually doubled, having experienced an increase of 99.6 per cent. At the 1961 Census Canberra contained 96 per cent. of the total population of the Territory compared with 93 per cent. at the time of the 1954 Census.

The sex distribution of the population of the Australian Capital Territory showed a male surplus of 2,888 and the ratio of the sexes was 110.3 males per 100 females compared with 115.2 males per 100 females in 1954.

The populationsof the various districts of the Australian Capital Territory were shown, compared with those of 1954, in a statement recently issued. (Census Field Count, 1961:- No. 8. Population of the Australian Capital Territory).

2. Age. - The following table shows the numbers of each sex in each five-year age group at the Censuses of 1954 and 1961.

TABLE 2. - AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY : AGE DISTRIBUTION OF THE POPULATION, CENSUSES, 1954 AND 1961.
(Exclusive of full-blood Aboriginals)

Age last birthday (years)	Census, 30th June, 1954			Census, 30th June, 1961					
						Persons			
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Total	Percent. of Total	Increase since 1954	
								Numerical	Percent.
0-4	2,076	1,969	4,045	4,052	3,783	7,835	13.32	3,790	93.70
5-9	1,716	1,574	3,290	3,437	3,390	6,827	11.60	3,537	107.51
10-14	1,122	1,073	2,195	3,095	2,894	5,989	10.18	3,794	172.85
15-19	1,003	801	1,804	2,313	2,039	4,352	7.40	2,548	141.24
20-24	1,358	1,190	2,548	2,521	2,213	4,734	8.05	2,186	85.79
25-29	1,811	1,498	3,309	2,510	2,156	4,666	7.93	1,357	41.01
30-34	1,744	1,416	3,160	2,752	2,412	5,164	8.78	2,004	63.42
35-39	1,287	1,080	2,367	2,910	2,534	5,444	9.25	3,077	130.00
40-44	1,152	924	2,076	2,215	1,844	4,059	6.90	1,983	95.52
45-49	847	693	1,540	1,668	1,436	3,104	5.28	1,564	101.56
50-54	695	593	1,288	1,238	950	2,188	3.72	900	69.88
55-59	535	465	1,000	809	717	1,526	2.59	526	52.60
60-64	424	343	767	574	591	1,165	1.98	398	51.89
65-69	245	218	463	359	433	792	1.35	329	71.06
70-74	117	123	240	221	299	520	0.88	280	116.67
75-79	60	67	127	113	162	275	0.47	148	116.54
80-84	27	44	71	51	76	127	0.22	56	78.87
85-89	9	12	21	13	31	44	0.07	23	109.52
90-94	1	3	4	7	10	17	0.03	13	325.00
TOTAL	16,229	14,086	30,315	30,858	27,970	58,828	100.00	28,513	94.06
Under 21	6,154	5,599	11,753	13,402	12,514	25,916	44.05	14,163	120.51
21-64	9,616	8,020	17,636	16,692	14,445	31,137	52.93	13,501	76.55
65 & over	459	467	926	764	1,011	1,775	3.02	849	91.68
TOTAL	16,229	14,086	30,315	30,858	27,970	58,828	100.00	28,513	94.06

The rapid growth of population in the Australian Capital Territory was predominantly due to migration from the States of persons of working age, including a large proportion of married persons with young families.

Thus the table above shows a higher proportion of population in ages below middle age, and a lower proportion after middle age than is generally to be found in Australia.

Population under 21 years of age represented 44 per cent. of the total in 1961, 39 per cent. in 1954 and 37 per cent. in 1947. In 1961, 53 per cent. were between 21 and 64 years of age, while in 1954 the percentage was 58. Persons 65 years of age and over represented 3 per cent. of the total in both 1961 and 1954.

3. Conjugal Condition. - The following table shows the population of the Australian Capital Territory classified according to sex and conjugal condition.

TABLE 3. - AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY : CONJUGAL CONDITION OF THE POPULATION, CENSUSES, 1954 AND 1961.
(Exclusive of full-blood Aboriginals)

Conjugal Condition	Census, 30th June, 1954			Census, 30th June, 1961			
						Persons	
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Total	Increase or Decrease (-) since 1954
Never Married -							
Under 15 years of age	4,914	4,616	9,530	10,584	10,067	20,651	11,121
15 yrs. of age and over	3,666	1,947	5,613	6,543	3,721	10,264	4,651
TOTAL	8,580	6,563	15,143	17,127	13,788	30,915	15,772
Married	7,148	6,730	13,878	12,967	12,603	25,570	11,692
Married but Permanently Separated	152	124	276	266	245	511	235
Widowed	220	574	794	303	1,145	1,448	654
Divorced	127	94	221	195	189	384	163
Not Stated	2	1	3	-	-	-	- 3
GRAND TOTAL	16,229	14,086	30,315	30,858	27,970	58,828	28,513

At the 1961 Census 52.6 per cent. of the total population of the Australian Capital Territory were recorded as being never married (compared with 49.95 per cent. in 1954); 43.5 per cent. as married (45.8 in 1954); 0.9 per cent. as married but permanently separated (0.9 in 1954); 2.5 per cent. as widowed (2.6 in 1954) and 0.7 per cent. as divorced (0.7 in 1954). There was a substantial increase in the ratio of widowed females to widowed males from 2.6 : 1 in 1954 to 3.8 : 1 in 1961.

4. Birthplace. - The following table shows the birthplaces of the population of the Australian Capital Territory at the Censuses of 1954 and 1961.

TABLE 4. - AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY : BIRTHPLACES OF THE POPULATION, CENSUSES, 1954 AND 1961.
(Exclusive of full-blood Aboriginals)

Birthplace	Census, 30th June, 1954			Census, 30th June, 1961			
						Persons	
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Total	Increase since 1954
Australia	12,453	11,395	23,848	22,031	21,102	43,133	19,285
New Zealand	137	100	237	254	195	449	212
Europe -							
United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland	1,473	1,154	2,627	2,998	2,663	5,661	3,034
Germany	281	257	538	825	687	1,512	974
Greece	54	30	84	241	127	368	284
Italy	260	68	328	812	464	1,276	948
Malta	70	53	123	113	102	215	92
Netherlands	214	163	377	621	540	1,161	784
Poland	375	183	558	428	238	666	108
Other	689	493	1,182	1,886	1,241	3,127	1,945
TOTAL EUROPE	3,416	2,401	5,817	7,924	6,062	13,986	8,169
Other Birthplaces	223	190	413	649	611	1,260	847
GRAND TOTAL	16,229	14,086	30,315	30,858	27,970	58,828	28,513

The Australian-born portion of the total population of the Australian Capital Territory has declined in the last seven years from 79 per cent. in 1954 to 73 per cent. in 1961 (1947 - 89 per cent.). On the other hand, the percentage of European-born persons to total population has risen from 19 per cent. in 1954 to 24

per cent. in 1961 (1947 - 10 per cent.). The main components of the European-born percentage (with 1954 figures in brackets) were : United Kingdom, etc., 9.6 per cent. (8.6 per cent.), Germany, 2.6 per cent. (1.8 per cent.), Italy, 2.2 per cent. (1.1 per cent.), Netherlands, 2.0 per cent. (1.2 per cent.) and Poland, 1.1 per cent. (1.8 per cent.).

In the period between the Censuses of 1954 and 1961 the largest increase in numbers of oversea-born persons in the Territory occurred in respect of the following countries:- United Kingdom, etc., 3,034 persons; Germany, 974 persons; Italy, 948 persons; and Netherlands, 784 persons.

Figures are not yet available for countries other than those shown in Table 4.

5. Period of Residence in Australia of Persons Born Outside Australia. - The effect of the post-war immigration policy is reflected in the following table which sets out details of the period of residence in Australia of persons in the Australian Capital Territory born outside Australia. Of the total population born outside Australia 73 per cent. in 1954 had resided in Australia less than 7 years while in 1961 only 49 per cent. had been resident less than 7 years.

TABLE 5. - AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY : PERIOD OF RESIDENCE IN AUSTRALIA OF PERSONS BORN OUTSIDE AUSTRALIA, CENSUSES, 1954 AND 1961.
(Exclusive of full-blood Aboriginals)

Period of Residence in Australia (Years)	Census, 30th June, 1954			Census, 30th June, 1961			
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	
						Total	Increase or Decrease (-) since 1954
Under 1	195	199	394	702	569	1,271	877
1 and under 2	222	167	389	656	495	1,151	762
2 " " 3	429	243	672	586	495	1,081	409
3 " " 4	522	386	908	526	506	1,032	124
4 " " 5	671	501	1,172	614	502	1,116	- 56
5 " " 6	570	341	911	533	432	965	54
6 " " 7	155	95	250	674	478	1,152	902
7 " " 14	)		(	3,351	2,470	5,821	)
14 " " 21	) 997	738	1,735 (	235	176	411	) 6,040
21 and over	)		(	866	677	1,543	)
Not Stated	15	21	36	84	68	152	116
Born outside Australia	3,776	2,691	6,467	8,827	6,868	15,695	9,228
Born in Australia	12,453	11,395	23,848	22,031	21,102	43,133	19,285
TOTAL	16,229	14,086	30,315	30,858	27,970	58,828	28,513

6. Nationality (i.e. Allegiance).- At 30th June 1961, 52,905 persons or 89.9 per cent. of the population of the Australian Capital Territory were British subjects compared with 27,411 persons or 90.4 per cent. in 1954. The number of foreign nationals increased from 2,904 in 1954 to 5,923 in 1961.

Of the 15,695 persons constituting the oversea-born population 9,772 were British subjects, while the remainder, 5,923 owed foreign allegiance.

In the intercensal period 1954-1961 the largest increases in the number of foreign nationals were: - Italian, 720 persons; German, 716 persons; and Dutch, 399 persons. The numbers of Latvian, Lithuanian, Estonian, Polish and Ukrainian nationals decreased, largely because of the numbers of persons of these nationalities who had become naturalized as Australian citizens, coupled with the reduced influx in their numbers in recent years as compared with other nationalities.

The Census figures, as stated earlier, exclude the numbers of diplomatic representatives of foreign governments and the High Commissioners representing the governments of the members of the British Commonwealth of Nations, with their families and staff.

Figures are not yet available for nationalities or groupings of nationalities other than as shown in Table 6.

TABLE 6. - AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY : NATIONALITY (i.e. ALLEGIANCE) OF THE POPULATION, CENSUSES, 1954 AND 1961.
(Exclusive of full-blood Aboriginals)

Nationality	Census, 30th June, 1954			Census, 30th June, 1961			
						Persons	
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Total	Increase or Decrease (-) since 1954
British (a) -							
Born in Australia	12,453	11,395	23,848	22,031	21,102	43,133	19,285
Born outside Australia	2,009	1,554	3,563	5,337	4,435	9,772	6,209
TOTAL BRITISH	14,462	12,949	27,411	27,368	25,537	52,905	25,494
Foreign -							
Dutch	220	167	387	403	383	786	399
German	110	97	207	532	391	923	716
Greek	42	19	61	168	108	276	215
Hungarian	32	28	60	100	60	160	100
Italian	233	52	285	623	382	1,005	720
Latvian, Lithuanian) and Estonian)	216	192	408	63	47	110	- 298
Polish	402	261	663	254	191	445	- 218
Ukrainian	120	86	206	40	34	74	- 132
Yugoslavian	66	31	97	275	105	380	283
Other (incl.Stateless)	326	204	530	1,032	732	1,764	1,234
TOTAL FOREIGN	1,767	1,137	2,904	3,490	2,433	5,923	3,019
GRAND TOTAL	16,229	14,086	30,315	30,858	27,970	58,828	28,513

(a) All persons of individual citizenship status who by virtue of the Nationality and Citizenship Act, 1948 are deemed to be British subjects. For purposes of this table Irish nationality is included with British.

7. Religion. - The following table sets out particulars of the religions of those persons who answered this question (which is not obligatory), at the Censuses of 1954 and 1961.

There were 5,359 persons or 9.1 per cent. of the population of the Territory who gave no reply to this question in 1961. The comparable figures in 1954 were 2,360 or 7.8 per cent.

The denominations with the largest number of adherents in 1961 were Church of England with 20,307 and the Roman Catholic Church with 18,647 consisting of 7,116 who described themselves as "Roman Catholic" and 11,531 as "Catholic". It is presumed that the great majority of the latter were adherents of the Roman Catholic Church. The Presbyterian Church had 5,383 adherents; Methodist, 3,379; Lutheran, 1,606; and Greek Orthodox 903.

Of those who stated their religious belief, the greatest numerical increase since 1954 was recorded by the Roman Catholic and Catholic (so described). These increased by 9,310 persons, followed by Church of England with an increase of 8,728 persons; Presbyterian, 2,377; Methodist, 1,572; and Lutheran 1,176.

Among the denominations with the largest number of adherents, the greatest proportional increases since 1954 were recorded by Lutheran, 273.5 per cent.; Roman Catholic and Catholic (so described), 99.7 per cent.; Methodist, 87.0 per cent.; Presbyterian, 79.1 per cent.; and Church of England, 75.4 per cent.

In all Christian religions represented in the Australian Capital Territory there were 52,553 adherents at the Census of 30th June, 1961, compared with 27,613 in 1954. The proportion to total stated religions was 98.3 per cent. in 1961 compared with 98.8 per cent. in 1954.

TABLE 7. - AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY : RELIGIONS OF THE POPULATION, CENSUSES, 1954 AND 1961.
(Exclusive of full-blood Aboriginals)

Religion	Census, 30th June, 1954			Census, 30th June, 1961			
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	
						Total	Increase or Decrease (-) since 1954
Christian -							
Baptist	140	158	298	317	370	687	389
Brethren	5	9	14	20	24	44	30
Catholic, Roman (a)	2,115	1,599	3,714	4,026	3,090	7,116	3,402
Catholic (a)	2,947	2,676	5,623	5,894	5,637	11,531	5,908
Churches of Christ	52	56	108	187	206	393	285
Church of England	6,103	5,476	11,579	10,387	9,920	20,307	8,728
Congregational	93	92	185	130	140	270	85
Greek Orthodox	252	174	426	544	359	903	477
Lutheran	222	208	430	838	768	1,606	1,176
Methodist	908	899	1,807	1,702	1,677	3,379	1,572
Presbyterian	1,552	1,454	3,006	2,719	2,664	5,383	2,377
Protestant (undefined)	100	90	190	198	145	343	153
Salvation Army	29	27	56	60	61	121	65
Seventh Day Adventist	7	10	17	34	43	77	60
Other (including Christian undefined)	91	69	160	209	184	393	233
TOTAL CHRISTIAN	14,616	12,997	27,613	27,265	25,288	52,553	24,940
Non-Christian -							
Hebrew	31	23	54	62	49	111	57
Other	23	11	34	113	79	192	158
TOTAL NON-CHRISTIAN	54	34	88	175	128	303	215
Indefinite	22	11	33	54	23	77	44
No Religion	151	70	221	349	187	536	315
No Reply	1,386	974	2,360	3,015	2,344	5,359	2,999
GRAND TOTAL	16,229	14,086	30,315	30,858	27,970	58,828	28,513

(a) So described in individual Census Schedules.

8. Industry. - The following table sets out the main groups of industry for male and female populations of the Australian Capital Territory at 30th June 1961, compared with 1954. In respect of the industry groups Finance and Property, Public Authority (n.e.i.) and Defence Services and Community and Business Services (including Professional) the figures derived from the 1954 classification have been adjusted to accord with the classification used in 1961.

TABLE 8. - AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY : INDUSTRY OF THE POPULATION, CENSUSES, 1954 AND 1961.
(Exclusive of full-blood Aboriginals)

Industry Group	Census, 30th June, 1954			Census, 30th June, 1961			
						Persons	
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Total	Increase or Decrease (-) since 1954
Primary Production	534	38	572	521	44	565	- 7
Mining and Quarrying	20	-	20	64	2	66	46
Manufacturing	771	101	872	1,417	252	1,669	797
Electricity, Water, etc.- Production, Supply and Maintenance	218	-	218	255	4	259	41
Building and Construction	1,780	18	1,798	3,954	54	4,008	2,210
Transport and Storage and Communication	854	111	965	990	162	1,152	187
Commerce	604	329	933	1,567	877	2,444	1,511
Finance and Property	124	34	158	349	232	581	423
Public Authority (n.e.i.) and Defence Services	4,243	1,203	5,446	6,650	2,037	8,687	3,241
Community and Business Services (including Professional) (a)	820	696	1,516	1,661	1,689	3,350	1,834
Amusement, Hotels and Other Accommodation, Cafes, Personal Service, etc.	582	532	1,114	959	958	1,917	803
Other Industries and Industry Inadequately Described or Not Stated	59	6	65	228	80	308	243
TOTAL IN WORK FORCE	10,609	3,068	13,677	18,615	6,391	25,006	11,329
Persons not in Work Force	5,620	11,018	16,638	12,243	21,579	33,822	17,184
GRAND TOTAL	16,229	14,086	30,315	30,858	27,970	58,828	28,513

(a) Includes police, fire brigades, hospitals, medical and dental services, education, and business services such as consultant engineering and surveying, accountancy and auditing, industrial and trade associations, advertising, etc.

The numerically largest industry group in 1961 was Public Authority (n.e.i.) and Defence Services, which absorbed 8,687 persons (representing 35 per cent. of the total work force), and comprised 6,650 males and 2,037 females. This was followed by the predominantly male industrial group Building and Construction, 16 per cent. of the total work force; Community and Business Services (including Professional), 13.4 per cent.; Commerce, 9.8 per cent.; and Amusement, Hotels and Other Accommodation, Cafes, Personal Services, etc., 7.7 per cent.

There were significant increases since 1954 in the number of persons engaged in Commerce and in Building and Construction, these groups exhibiting a growth of 162 per cent. and 123 per cent., respectively, in comparison with the increase in the total work force of 83 per cent. The manufacturing group with an increase of 91 per cent. also exceeded the average.

Figures are not yet available for 1961 to show industry in any greater detail than that given in Table 8.

9. Occupational Status. - The following table sets out details of the Occupational Status of the population of the Territory at 30th June, 1961 compared with the 1954 Census. It provides information relating to the capacity in which persons are engaged in the various branches of industry, whether as employer, employee,etc., as well as particulars of that part of the population not in the work force.

Of the total persons in the work force at 30th June, 1961, 22,440 were employees (89.7 per cent.) compared with 12,607 (92.2 per cent.) in 1954; employers totalled 1,007 (4.0 per cent. of the work force) compared with 500 (3.7 per cent.) in 1954; and 897 were self-employed (3.6 per cent.) compared with 478 (3.5 per cent.) in 1954.

There was a higher percentage of dependent population (i.e. persons not in the work force) to total population in 1961 (57.5 per cent.) than in 1954 (54.9 per cent.) The increase since 1954 in persons not in the work force, 103 per cent., was greater than the increase in the work force (83 per cent.). The proportion of full-time students or children attending school to total population was greater in 1961 than in 1954, being 24.4 per cent. and 19.2 per cent. respectively. See also Table 2 on Age Distribution of the Population.

TABLE 9. - AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY : OCCUPATIONAL STATUS OF POPULATION, CENSUSES, 1954 AND 1961.
(Exclusive of full-blood Aboriginals)

Occupational Status	Census, 30th June, 1954			Census, 30th June, 1961			
						Persons	
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Total	Increase or Decrease(-) since 1954
In Work Force -							
At Work -							
Employer	447	53	500	884	123	1,007	507
Self-Employed	428	50	478	781	116	897	419
Employee	9,661	2,946	12,607	16,392	6,048	22,440	9,833
Helper(not on wage or salary)	8	5	13	16	6	22	9
TOTAL	10,544	3,054	13,598	18,073	6,293	24,366	10,768
Not at Work (a) -							
Unable to secure employment	4	3	7	344	46	390	383
Temporarily laid off	5	-	5	59	10	69	64
Sickness or Accident	15	3	18	78	18	96	78
Changing jobs	15	4	19	42	20	62	43
Other and Not Stated	23	3	26	19	4	23	- 3
TOTAL	62	13	75	542	98	640	565
Not Stated	3	1	4	-	-	-	- 4
TOTAL IN WORK FORCE	10,609	3,068	13,677	18,615	6,391	25,006	11,329
Not in Work Force -							
Child not attending School	2,124	2,003	4,127	4,110	3,833	7,943	3,816
Full time student or child attending School	3,043	2,787	5,830	7,451	6,906	14,357	8,527
Independent means,including "Retired(so described)"	55	70	125	72	99	171	46
Home Duties	-	5,744	5,744	-	9,789	9,789	4,045
Pensioner or Annuitant	341	381	722	538	845	1,383	661
Inmates of Institutions	28	2	30	14	27	41	11
Others not in Work Force	29	31	60	58	80	138	78
TOTAL NOT IN WORK FORCE	5,620	11,018	16,638	12,243	21,579	33,822	17,184
GRAND TOTAL	16,229	14,086	30,315	30,858	27,970	58,828	28,513

(a) The category "Not at Work" includes those who stated that they were usually engaged in work, but were not actively seeking a job at the time of the Census by reason of sickness, accident, etc., or because they were on strike, changing jobs or temporarily laid off,etc. It includes also persons able and willing to work but unable to secure employment, as well as casual and seasonal workers not actually in a job at the time of the Census. The numbers shown as "Not at Work", therefore, do not represent the number of unemployed available for work and unable to obtain it.

PART B. - DWELLINGS IN THE AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY, CENSUS, 30TH JUNE, 1961.

10. Summary of Population and Dwellings. - For the purpose of the Census, a dwelling is any habitation occupied by a household group living together as a domestic unit, whether comprising the whole or only a part of a building. Non-private dwellings are enumerated as well as private dwellings.

The detailed information appearing in this part of the Bulletin relates to private dwellings which were occupied at the date of the Census. However, information relating to the number of dwellings other than private (hotels, boarding houses, hospitals, etc.), and to the numbers of unoccupied dwellings is also given.

"Unoccupied dwellings" includes "week-end" dwellings, holiday dwellings and other dwellings temporarily unoccupied on the night of the Census. They also include newly completed dwellings awaiting occupation.

The following table is a summary of the population and dwellings (as defined above) in the Australian Capital Territory at the Censuses of 1954 and 1961:-

TABLE 10. - AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY : SUMMARY OF POPULATION AND DWELLINGS, CENSUSES, 1954 AND 1961.
(Exclusive of particulars for full-blood Aboriginals)

Particulars	Census, 30th June, 1954			Census, 30th June, 1961		
	Metropolitan Urban (Canberra)	Rural	Total A.C.T.	Metropolitan Urban (Canberra)	Rural	Total A.C.T.
Area in square miles	42	897	939	42	897	939
Population -						
Males	15,076	1,153	16,229	29,463	1,395	30,858
Females	13,201	885	14,086	26,986	984	27,970
Persons	28,277	2,038	30,315	56,449	2,379	58,828
Number of Persons per sq. mile	673.26	2.27	32.28	1,344.02	2.65	62.65
Dwellings (a) -						
Occupied	6,574	544	7,118	13,372	565	13,937
Unoccupied	220	106	326	714	111	825
TOTAL	6,794	650	7,444	14,086	676	14,762
Number of Dwellings per sq. mile	161.76	0.72	7.93	335.38	0.75	15.72

(a) Private and non-private.

11. Dwellings in Districts. - The following table shows the number of occupied and unoccupied dwellings recorded in each suburb of Canberra and in the rural districts of the Territory at the Censuses of 1954 and 1961.

TABLE 11. - AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY : DWELLINGS (a) IN DISTRICTS, CENSUSES, 1954 AND 1961.

(Exclusive of Dwellings occupied solely by full-blood Aboriginals)

District	Census, 30th June, 1954			Census, 30th June, 1961		
	Occupied Dwellings	Unoccupied Dwellings	Total Dwellings	Occupied Dwellings	Unoccupied Dwellings	Total Dwellings
Metropolitan Urban (Canberra) -						
Acton	135	6	141	(b) 76	(b) 8	(b) 84
Ainslie	1,061	22	1,083	1,555	76	1,631
Barton	81	5	86	188	22	210
Braddon	363	10	373	(b) 931	(b) 53	(b) 984
Campbell-Duntroon	143	11	154	690	39	729
Capital Hill	7	1	8	3	2	5
City	10	1	11	(b) 43	(b) 24	(b) 67
Deakin	101	32	133	615	34	649
Dickson	2	-	2	566	29	595
Downer	-	-	-	66	76	142
Forrest	282	16	298	380	29	409
Fyshwick	185	4	189	(c) 159	(c) 3	(c) 162
Griffith	809	28	837	1,233	30	1,263
Hackett	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kingston	215	7	222	241	8	249
Lyneham	3	-	3	519	28	547
Narrabundah	832	17	849	1,686	84	1,770
O'Connor	866	15	881	1,697	45	1,742
Parkes	8	-	8	(b) 5	(b) 1	(b) 6
Pialligo	36	10	46	(c) 71	(c) 2	(c) 73
Red Hill	54	3	57	349	50	399
Reid	325	8	333	(b) 468	(b) 12	(b) 480
Symonston	46	-	46	66	-	66
Turner	461	9	470	(b) 730	(b) 31	(b) 761
Watson	-	-	-	1	-	1
Yarralumla	549	15	564	1,034	28	1,062
TOTAL	6,574	220	6,794	13,372	714	14,086
Rural Districts -						
Belconnen	50	3	53	45	9	54
Booth	12	-	12	15	1	16
Coree	40	12	52	43	3	46
Cotter River	1	9	10	15	8	23
Gungahlin	25	2	27	27	5	32
Hall	55	2	57	72	5	77
Kowen	10	5	15	14	13	27
Lanyon	33	1	34	26	3	29
Mount Clear	1	-	1	2	-	2
Paddy's River	65	13	78	48	11	59
Rendezvous Creek	3	-	3	1	-	1
Stromlo	48	22	70	63	5	68
Tennent	10	-	10	9	2	11
Woden	86	3	89	97	8	105
TOTAL	439	72	511	477	73	550
Jervis Bay	105	34	139	88	38	126
GRAND TOTAL	7,118	326	7,444	13,937	825	14,762

(a) Private and non-private.

(b) Boundaries of City District extended on 1st February, 1957 to include portions of Acton, Braddon, Parkes, Reid and Turner.

(c) On 11th June, 1959 portion of Fyshwick was transferred to Pialligo.

12. Occupied Dwellings by Class. - Occupied dwellings are classified into "private" and "other than private" dwellings. In the Australian Capital Territory private dwellings consist mainly of private houses, shares of private houses and flats.

"Private House" is a building (or buildings) the whole of which is designed for, or occupied as, the habitation of one household group, living together as a domestic unit. Sheds, huts, tents, caravans, etc. used as dwellings at the time of the Census are included as private houses, except where they are occupied by travellers or holiday makers.

"Share of a Private House" is a portion of a shared private house which is occupied separately, and for which portion a separate Householder's Schedule was furnished.

"Flat" is part of a house or other building which can be completely closed off, and which includes both cooking and bathing facilities.

"Other" private dwelling is part of a building which is not a self-contained unit. It may be a tenement, an apartment, room(s) etc.

"Dwellings other than Private" include hotels, motels, boarding houses, lodging houses, hostels, hospitals, educational, religious and charitable institutions, defence and penal establishments, etc.

The following table shows the number of occupied dwellings according to class of dwelling at the Censuses of 1954 and 1961. The most significant feature in the table is the increased proportion of flats from 4 per cent. of total occupied private dwellings in 1954 to 12 per cent. in 1961.

The decline in "other" non-private dwellings is mainly due to changed classification of "caretakers' quarters" which in 1961 were classified as private dwellings.

TABLE 12. - AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY : OCCUPIED DWELLINGS ACCORDING TO CLASS, CENSUSES, 1954 AND 1961.
(Exclusive of Dwellings occupied solely by full-blood Aboriginals)

Class of Dwelling	Number of Occupied Dwellings					
	Census, 30th June, 1954			Census, 30th June, 1961		
	Metropolitan Urban (Canberra)	Rural	Total A.C.T.	Metropolitan Urban (Canberra)	Rural	Total A.C.T.
Private Dwellings -						
Private House -						
House	5,812	466	6,278	11,032	491	11,523
Tent, Shed, Hut, etc.	80	32	112	127	34	161
TOTAL PRIVATE HOUSES	5,892	498	6,390	11,159	525	11,684
Share of Private House (a)	303	-	303	400	14	414
Flat	301	8	309	1,659	15	1,674
Other	15	14	29	55	-	55
TOTAL PRIVATE DWELLINGS	6,511	520	7,031	13,273	554	13,827
Dwellings Other than Private -						
Hotel, Licensed; (including Hotel-Motel)	5	2	7	7	-	7
Motel	-	-	-	3	-	3
Boarding House, Hostel (other than Migrant), Private Hotel, etc.	36	5	41	66	-	66
Educational, Religious or Charitable Institution	6	-	6	16	1	17
Hospital	1	-	1	1	-	1
Other	15	17	32	6	10	16
TOTAL DWELLINGS OTHER THAN PRIVATE	63	24	87	99	11	110
GRAND TOTAL	6,574	544	7,118	13,372	565	13,937

(a) In respect of which a separate Householder's Schedule was furnished.

3. Occupied Private Dwellings according to Material of Outer Walls. - Private dwellings of brick increased by 137 per cent. in the intercensal period, and in 1961 were by far the most numerous type of private dwelling, representing 61.9 per cent. of the total. Dwellings with walls of concrete increased by 346.5 per cent. between 1954 and 1961, and in 1961 represented 11.9 per cent. of all occupied private dwellings in the Australian Capital Territory compared with 5.2 per cent. in 1954. In 1961, 18.1 per cent. of private dwellings were of wood and 7.4 per cent. of fibro-cement compared with 29.6 per cent. and 12.7 per cent. respectively in 1954.

TABLE 13. - AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY : OCCUPIED PRIVATE DWELLINGS CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO MATERIAL OF OUTER WALLS, CENSUSES, 1954 AND 1961.
(Exclusive of Dwellings occupied solely by full-blood Aboriginals).

Material of Outer Walls	Private House (a)	Share of Private House	Flat	Other	Total Occupied Private Dwellings	Metro-politan Urban (Canberra)	Rural	Total A.C.T.
Census, 30th June, 1954								
Brick	3,211	104	293	5	3,613	3,576	37	3,613
Stone	11	-	1	-	12	4	8	12
Concrete	352	13	3	-	368	351	17	368
Wood	1,893	155	9	21	2,078	1,753	325	2,078
Iron	37	2	-	-	39	20	19	39
Fibro-cement	857	29	3	3	892	792	100	892
Other and Not Stated	29	-	-	-	29	15	14	29
TOTAL	6,390	303	309	29	7,031	6,511	520	7,031
Census, 30th June, 1961								
Brick	7,089	212	1,222	40	8,563	8,515	48	8,563
Stone	23	-	5	-	28	21	7	28
Concrete	1,183	43	415	2	1,643	1,620	23	1,643
Wood	2,396	86	13	11	2,506	2,178	328	2,506
Iron	20	-	-	-	20	12	8	20
Fibro-cement	933	69	16	2	1,020	893	127	1,020
Other and Not Stated	40	4	3	-	47	34	13	47
TOTAL	11,684	414	1,674	55	13,827	13,273	554	13,827

(a) Includes Sheds, Huts, etc.

4. Occupied Private Dwellings according to Number of Rooms per Dwelling. - The greatest proportional increase in the numbers of occupied private dwellings since 1954 Census occurred in two-roomed private dwellings which increased by 325 per cent. This was almost entirely the result of the increase in two-roomed flats.

The greatest numerical increase was shown by five-roomed occupied private dwellings with the addition of 3,031 since 1954.

There were at 30th June, 1961, 11,205 occupied private dwellings in the Territory with four, five or six rooms. This represented 81.0 per cent. of all occupied private dwellings in the Australian Capital Territory compared with 84.4 per cent. in 1954.

TABLE 14. - AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY : OCCUPIED PRIVATE DWELLINGS CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO NUMBER OF ROOMS PER DWELLING, CENSUSES, 1954 AND 1961.
(Exclusive of Dwellings occupied solely by full-blood Aboriginals)

Number of Rooms per Dwelling	Private House (a)	Share of Private House	Flat	Other	Total Occupied Private Dwellings	Metro-politan Urban (Canberra)	Rural	Total A.C.T.
Census, 30th June, 1954								
1	60	87	-	15	162	129	33	162
2	60	57	3	6	126	106	20	126
3	97	47	95	3	242	213	29	242
4	1,190	64	169	4	1,427	1,331	96	1,427
5	3,038	29	31	1	3,099	2,958	141	3,099
6	1,382	14	11	-	1,407	1,313	94	1,407
7	365	3	-	-	368	323	45	368
8	115	-	-	-	115	85	30	115
9	41	-	-	-	41	25	16	41
10	15	-	-	-	15	10	5	15
11 and over	23	-	-	-	23	13	10	23
Not Stated	4	2	-	-	6	5	1	6
TOTAL	6,390	303	309	29	7,031	6,511	520	7,031
Average	5.18	2.82	3.84	1.97	5.00	4.99	5.20	5.00
Census, 30th June, 1961								
1	76	99	18	21	214	193	21	214
2	68	96	354	17	535	519	16	535
3	91	60	390	9	550	515	35	550
4	1,319	66	745	3	2,133	2,047	86	2,133
5	5,934	79	115	2	6,130	5,941	189	6,130
6	2,891	10	40	1	2,942	2,850	92	2,942
7	863	4	5	-	872	825	47	872
8	262	-	2	-	264	237	27	264
9	77	-	1	-	78	63	15	78
10	37	-	-	-	37	29	8	37
11 and over	41	-	1	-	42	26	16	42
Not Stated	25	-	3	2	30	28	2	30
TOTAL	11,684	414	1,674	55	13,827	13,273	554	13,827
Average	5.37	2.94	3.45	2.08	5.05	5.03	5.43	5.05

(a) Includes Sheds, Huts, etc.

NOTE : - Kitchen and permanently enclosed sleep-out are included in number of rooms, but not bathroom, pantry, laundry or storehouse.

15. Occupied Private Dwellings according to Number of Inmates per Dwelling . - Occupied private dwellings with 1 inmate increased by 192 per cent. in the intercensal period largely as a result of an increase in the number of flats with 1 inmate.

Apart from private dwellings with one inmate, the proportional increase between 1954 and 1961 was highest in those dwellings with 6 or more inmates, i.e. 143 per cent., while private dwellings with 2 to 5 inmates showed a proportional increase of 83 per cent.

At the 30th June, 1961, 84 per cent. of all occupied private dwellings had 5 inmates or less compared with 87 per cent. in 1954.

Four-inmate dwellings were the most numerous and represented 23 per cent. of total occupied private dwellings.

TABLE 15. - AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY : OCCUPIED PRIVATE DWELLINGS CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO NUMBER OF INMATES, CENSUSES, 1954 AND 1961.
(Exclusive of Dwellings occupied solely by full-blood Aboriginals)

Number of Inmates per Dwelling	Private House (a)	Share of Private House	Flat	Other	Total Occupied Private Dwellings	Metro-politan Urban (Canberra)	Rural	Total A.C.T.
Census, 30th June, 1954								
1	249	52	65	17	383	312	71	383
2	1,203	81	139	3	1,426	1,319	107	1,426
3	1,408	83	66	1	1,558	1,451	107	1,558
4	1,616	45	30	6	1,697	1,593	104	1,697
5	1,041	22	7	2	1,072	1,018	54	1,072
6	504	14	-	-	518	480	38	518
7	213	4	2	-	219	200	19	219
8	82	2	-	-	84	76	8	84
9	36	-	-	-	36	31	5	36
10	19	-	-	-	19	18	1	19
11 and over	19	-	-	-	19	13	6	19
TOTAL	6,390	303	309	29	7,031	6,511	520	7,031
Average	3.83	2.91	2.30	2.07	3.71	3.73	3.55	3.71
Census, 30th June, 1961								
1	472	45	584	17	1,118	1,056	62	1,118
2	1,855	127	505	15	2,502	2,396	106	2,502
3	2,071	98	300	16	2,485	2,379	106	2,485
4	2,929	65	195	4	3,193	3,083	110	3,193
5	2,243	43	63	1	2,350	2,276	74	2,350
6	1,191	19	15	-	1,225	1,175	50	1,225
7	515	9	6	1	531	511	20	531
8	239	5	6	1	251	244	7	251
9	99	2	-	-	101	92	9	101
10	44	1	-	-	45	40	5	45
11 and over	26	-	-	-	26	21	5	26
TOTAL	11,684	414	1,674	55	13,827	13,273	554	13,827
Average	4.08	3.17	2.25	2.38	3.82	3.83	3.77	3.82

(a) Includes Sheds, Huts, etc.

16. Occupied Private Dwellings according to Nature of Occupancy. - At the 30th June 1961, 70.3 per cent. of all occupied private dwellings were tenanted compared with 79.9 per cent. in 1954. On the other hand, the proportion of dwellings being purchased by instalments rose from 8.0 per cent. in 1954 to 15.6 per cent. in 1961. This increase was oaused by the growth in the number of private houses being purchased by instalments. The proportion of these rose from 8.6 per cent. in 1954 to 18.1 per cent. in 1961. The proportion of owned dwellings increased from 11.1 per cent. in 1954 to 13.0 per cent. in 1961. The proportional increases since 1954 were:- purchaser by instalments, 285.7 per cent.; owner, 129.8 per cent.; tenant, 73.0 per cent.

TABLE 16. - AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY : OCCUPIED PRIVATE DWELLINGS CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO NATURE OF OCCUPANCY, CENSUSES, 1954 AND 1961.
(Exclusive of Dwellings occupied solely by full-blood Aboriginals)

Nature of Occupancy	Private House (a)	Share of Private House	Flat	Other	Total Occupied Private Dwellings	Metro-politan Urban (Canberra)	Rural	Total A.C.T.
Census, 30th June, 1954								
Owner	762	16	4	-	782	591	191	782
Purchaser by Instal-ments	549	9	1	-	559	549	10	559
Tenant	5,009	277	303	28	5,617	5,320	297	5,617
Caretaker	35	-	-	1	36	26	10	36
Other Methods of Occupancy	31	1	1	-	33	21	12	33
Not Stated	4	-	-	-	4	4	-	4
TOTAL	6,390	303	309	29	7,031	6,511	520	7,031
Census, 30th June, 1961								
Owner	1,723	39	32	3	1,797	1,617	180	1,797
Purchaser by Instal-ments	2,118	27	11	-	2,156	2,136	20	2,156
Tenant	7,724	336	1,610	49	9,719	9,408	311	9,719
Caretaker	48	2	9	2	61	45	16	61
Other Methods of Occupancy	58	6	11	-	75	50	25	75
Not Stated	13	4	1	1	19	17	2	19
TOTAL	11,684	414	1,674	55	13,827	13,273	554	13,827

(a) Includes Sheds, Huts, etc.

17. Occupied Private Dwellings according to Date of Building. - More than half of the occupied private dwellings in Canberra have been built since 30th June, 1954. The proportion for the whole of the Territory is little less than half.

TABLE 17. - AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY : OCCUPIED PRIVATE DWELLINGS CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO DATE OF BUILDING, CENSUS, 30TH JUNE, 1961.
(Exclusive of Dwellings occupied solely by full-blood Aboriginals)

Date of Building	Number of Occupied Private Dwellings							
	Private House (a)	Share of Private House	Flat	Other	Total Occupied Private Dwellings	Metro-politan Urban (Canberra)	Rural	Total A.C.T.
Before 1st July, 1954	6,233	260	377	41	6,911	6,467	444	6,911
After 30th June, 1954-								
1954 (July-Dec.)	137	7	5	1	150	148	2	150
1955	452	8	127	1	588	576	12	588
1956	597	9	44	1	651	639	12	651
1957	463	22	115	1	601	590	11	601
1958	967	31	157	1	1,156	1,132	24	1,156
1959	1,083	17	470	1	1,571	1,546	25	1,571
1960	1,143	26	339	6	1,514	1,501	13	1,514
1961 (Jan.-June)	341	11	9	-	361	356	5	361
Not Stated (b)	148	6	19	1	174	172	2	174
TOTAL, After 30th June, 1954	5,331	137	1,285	13	6,766	6,660	106	6,766
Other Not Stated	120	17	12	1	150	146	4	150
GRAND TOTAL	11,684	414	1,674	55	13,827	13,273	554	13,827

(a) Includes Sheds, Huts, etc.

(b) After 30th June, 1954, but year not stated.

18. Weekly Rent (Unfurnished) of Tenanted Private Dwellings. - The following table shows particulars of rents paid for unfurnished private dwellings in the Australian Capital Territory, as compiled from information supplied on individual Householders' Schedules at 30th June, 1954 and 1961. The proportion of tenanted private dwellings with unfurnished rentals of under 50s. decreased from 61.0 per cent. of total tenanted private dwellings in 1954 to 23.3 per cent. at 30th June 1961. In the range 50s. and under 100s. the proportion rose from 28.4 per cent. in 1954 to 56.8 per cent. in 1961. The corresponding proportion in the 100s. and over category also rose from 0.6 per cent. in 1954 to 8.4 per cent. in 1961. In 1961 the greatest number of tenanted private houses occurred in the rental range 60s. and under 70s. The greatest number of tenanted flats occurred in the range 100s. and over.

TABLE 18. - AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY : TENANTED PRIVATE DWELLINGS CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO WEEKLY RENT (UNFURNISHED), CENSUSES, 1954 AND 1961.
(Exclusive of Dwellings occupied solely by full-blood Aboriginals)

Weekly Rent (Unfurnished)	Private House (a)	Share of Private House	Flat	Other	Total Occupied Private Dwellings	Metro-politan Urban (Canberra)	Rural	Total A.C.T.
Census, 30th June, 1954								
Under 20s.	393	23	3	5	424	336	88	424
20s. and under 30s.	1,146	48	9	-	1,203	1,168	35	1,203
30s. " " 40s.	871	45	220	-	1,136	1,125	11	1,136
40s. " " 50s.	624	28	13	-	665	658	7	665
50s. " " 60s.	399	16	16	-	431	427	4	431
60s. " " 70s.	449	10	1	-	460	456	4	460
70s. " " 80s.	493	9	1	-	503	495	8	503
80s. " " 90s.	179	3	1	-	183	180	3	183
90s. " " 100s.	18	-	1	-	19	19	-	19
100s. and over	33	1	1	-	35	34	1	35
Not Stated (b)	404	94	37	23	558	422	136	558
TOTAL	5,009	277	303	28	5,617	5,320	297	5,617
Census, 30th June, 1961								
Under 20s.	157	-	12	1	170	129	41	170
20s. and under 30s.	588	26	17	1	632	569	63	632
30s. " " 40s.	474	24	153	-	651	629	22	651
40s. " " 50s.	693	27	83	4	807	781	26	807
50s. " " 60s.	1,754	46	180	6	1,986	1,966	20	1,986
60s. " " 70s.	2,211	45	198	4	2,458	2,442	16	2,458
70s. " " 80s.	468	10	109	-	587	584	3	587
80s. " " 90s.	162	5	179	2	348	344	4	348
90s. " " 100s.	135	2	8	1	146	144	2	146
100s. and over	304	13	492	4	813	805	8	813
Not Stated (b)	778	138	179	26	1,121	1,015	106	1,121
TOTAL	7,724	336	1,610	49	9,719	9,408	311	9,719

(a) Includes Sheds, Huts, etc.

(b) Includes dwellings rented on a furnished basis, and those for which the rents were not applicable (e.g. for shop and dwelling combined).

19. Occupied Private Dwellings according to Facilities. - The question concerning facilities was answered in respect of 13,784 occupied private dwellings in the Territory and of these 99.6 per cent. had electricity. The proportion in the City of Canberra was 99.8 per cent.

TABLE 19. - AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY : OCCUPIED PRIVATE DWELLINGS CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO FACILITIES, CENSUS, 30TH JUNE, 1961.
(Exclusive of Dwellings occupied solely by full-blood Aboriginals)

Facilities	Number of Occupied Private Dwellings							
	Private House (a)	Share of Private House	Flat	Other	Total Occupied Private Dwellings	Metro-politan Urban (Canberra)	Rural	Total A.C.T.
Gas	9	-	-	-	9	8	1	9
Electricity	11,544	407	1,662	53	13,666	13,163	503	13,666
Gas and Electric-ity	48	5	6	1	60	55	5	60
No Gas or Electricity	46	2	-	1	49	18	31	49
Gas and Electric-ity Not Stated	37	-	6	-	43	29	14	43
TOTAL	11,684	414	1,674	55	13,827	13,273	554	13,827
Television set	422	4	18	1	445	414	31	445

(a) Includes Sheds, Huts, etc.

K. M. ARCHER
ACTING COMMONWEALTH STATISTICIAN

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